

What is Kaizen Costing?

Worksheet

Kaizen costing sets small, continuous cost-reduction targets during production, calculated as: $\text{New Cost} = \text{Current Cost} (1 - \text{Kaizen Reduction Rate})$.

Questions

- Current cost is \$200, kaizen reduction rate is 5%. What is the new cost?
 - \$210
 - \$190
 - \$195
 - \$180
- Kaizen costing is applied mainly during:
 - Product design, before production
 - The production phase, after launch
 - The disposal phase
 - Only during marketing
- Kaizen costing is based on which improvement cycle?
 - SWOT
 - PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act)
 - Five Forces
 - BCG Matrix
- If a cost dropped from \$100 to \$95, what kaizen reduction rate was achieved?
 - 10%
 - 5%
 - 95%
 - 0.5%
- A part currently costs \$50 to produce. The team sets a 4% kaizen reduction target for this period. What is the new target cost?
- A production line's current cost is \$1,200 per batch. Over 3 successive quarters, the kaizen target is 2% reduction each quarter. What is the cost after 3 quarters?
- A factory reduced cost from \$80 to \$76 in one period. What was the kaizen reduction rate achieved?
- Define: What is kaizen costing?
- Define: What is the kaizen costing formula?
- Define: How does kaizen costing differ from target costing?

Answer Key

1. B) $\$190 - NC = 200 (1 - 0.05) = 200 \cdot 0.95 = \190 .
2. B) The production phase, after launch - Unlike target costing, kaizen costing operates continuously during production.
3. B) PDCA (Plan-Do-Check-Act) - Kaizen relies on the PDCA continuous-improvement cycle.
4. B) $5\% - \text{Reduction} = 5/100 = 5\%$.
5. $r = 4\% = 0.04$ $NC = CC (1 - r) = 50 (1 - 0.04) = 50 \cdot 0.96 = \48
6. Q1: $1,200 \cdot 0.98 = \$1,176$ Q2: $1,176 \cdot 0.98 = \$1,152.48$ Q3: $1,152.48 \cdot 0.98 = \$1,129.43$ (rounded)
7. $\text{Reduction} = 80 - 76 = \4 $\text{Rate} = 4 / 80 = 0.05 = 5\%$ The team achieved a 5% kaizen reduction rate
8. A continuous-improvement method that sets small, repeated cost-reduction targets during production.
9. $\text{New Cost} = \text{Current Cost} (1 - \text{Kaizen Reduction Rate})$.
10. Target costing sets cost before production starts; kaizen costing keeps reducing cost after production begins.

Bounlu

All cards, step-by-step solutions and an AI tutor are in the Notek app.
Promy turns exam dates into automatic reminders.