

# What is an Algorithm?

## Worksheet

An algorithm is a step-by-step procedure for solving a problem or completing a task in a finite number of clearly defined instructions. A good algorithm is correct, finite, and efficient.

## Questions

1. Which best defines an algorithm?

- A) Any computer program
- B) A finite sequence of steps to solve a problem
- C) A programming language
- D) A type of computer hardware

2. Why must an algorithm be finite?

- A) So it uses less memory
- B) So it eventually terminates with an answer
- C) So it can be written in Python
- D) So it uses fewer variables

3. Which of these is NOT a property of a well-designed algorithm?

- A) Correctness
- B) Finiteness
- C) Randomness
- D) Efficiency

4. What is pseudocode used for?

- A) Compiling a program
- B) Describing an algorithm in plain, structured language before coding it
- C) Testing hardware speed
- D) Encrypting data

5. Trace the 'find the maximum' algorithm on [4, 9, 2, 7].

6. Use linear search to find 7 in [5, 3, 7, 1, 9].

7. One pass of bubble sort on [5, 1, 4].

8. Define: What is an algorithm?

9. Define: What makes an algorithm 'good'?

10. Define: Name two ways to represent an algorithm.

## Answer Key

1. B) A finite sequence of steps to solve a problem - An algorithm is a finite, well-defined sequence of steps - it's independent of any specific language or machine.
2. B) So it eventually terminates with an answer - If an algorithm never stops, it never produces a result - finiteness (termination) is a core requirement.
3. C) Randomness - Good algorithms are deterministic and predictable; unwanted randomness undermines correctness.
4. B) Describing an algorithm in plain, structured language before coding it - Pseudocode is a language-independent way to plan and communicate an algorithm before implementation.
5. max = 4 (first element) Compare 9 > 4 max = 9 Compare 2 > 9? No max stays 9 Compare 7 > 9? No max stays 9 Result: max = 9
6. Check index 0: 5 7 Check index 1: 3 7 Check index 2: 7 = 7 found! Result: index 2
7. Compare 5 and 1: 5 > 1 swap [1, 5, 4] Compare 5 and 4: 5 > 4 swap [1, 4, 5] End of pass, list is more sorted: [1, 4, 5]
8. A finite, well-defined sequence of steps that solves a problem or completes a task.
9. It is correct (always gives the right answer), finite (terminates), and efficient (uses reasonable time/memory).
10. Pseudocode and flowcharts (also plain English steps or real code).

### **Bounlu**

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