

# Reflective Vests & Warning Triangles: What You Need

## Worksheet

Reflective vests and warning triangles are mandatory safety items used during breakdowns and accidents. They increase visibility to oncoming traffic and must be carried in every vehicle.

### Questions

1. When must you wear a reflective vest?

- A) Only at night
- B) Only on motorways
- C) Anytime you exit a disabled vehicle on a road
- D) Only if traffic is heavy

2. How far behind your vehicle should the first warning triangle be placed?

- A) 10 metres
- B) 25 metres
- C) 50 metres
- D) 100 metres

3. Are warning triangles required in daylight?

- A) No, only at night
- B) Yes, always
- C) Only in winter
- D) Only on motorways

4. What is the correct procedure after a breakdown?

- A) Hazards, then triangle, then vest
- B) Hazards, then vest, then triangle
- C) Triangle, then hazards, then vest
- D) Vest, then hazards, then triangle

5. Your car breaks down on a busy motorway. What safety steps must you take?

6. You are in an accident on an express road at dusk. What equipment must you display?

7. You pull over to help another motorist on the side of a motorway. What should you do?

8. Define: Are reflective vests mandatory?

9. Define: How many warning triangles should you carry?

10. Define: How far behind the vehicle should the first triangle be placed?

## Answer Key

1. C) Anytime you exit a disabled vehicle on a road — Turkish law requires reflective vests whenever you exit a vehicle that is disabled or in an accident on any road.
2. C) 50 metres — The first warning triangle must be placed at least 50 metres behind your vehicle.
3. B) Yes, always — Warning triangles are required 24/7 — day, night, summer, and winter.
4. B) Hazards, then vest, then triangle — Turn on hazards first, put on vest before exiting, then place triangles behind the vehicle.
5. 1. Turn on emergency lights 2. Exit vehicle carefully 3. Put on your reflective vest before leaving the car 4. Place warning triangles at 50m intervals behind vehicle 5. Stay in vest, away from traffic 6. Wait for roadside assistance
6. 1. Activate emergency lights 2. All occupants must wear reflective vests 3. Place first warning triangle 50m behind the vehicle 4. Add second triangle if space allows 5. Keep vests on until police and tow truck arrive
7. 1. Put on your own reflective vest 2. Turn on emergency lights on your vehicle 3. If helping a stranded vehicle, place triangles as well 4. Ensure both of you are visible to oncoming traffic
8. Yes — Turkish law requires reflective vests for all occupants when exiting a disabled vehicle on a road.
9. At least 2 triangles (in daylight) or 3 in some jurisdictions; check local requirements.
10. At least 50 metres (about 150 feet) behind the vehicle on the same side of the road.

### **Bounlu**

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