

What is Present Perfect Simple?

Worksheet

Present perfect simple = have/has + past participle (e.g., 'I have eaten'). It shows past actions with present relevance, life experiences, or unfinished situations.

have/has + past participle

have/has = Auxiliary verb (I/you/we/they have; he/she/it has)

past participle = Main verb in past participle form (eaten, worked, gone)

Questions

1. Which is the correct present perfect form: 'I have gone' or 'I have went'?
A) I have went
B) I have gone
C) I have go
D) I gone have
2. Present perfect simple shows...
A) A completed action at a specific past time
B) An action that connects past to present
C) An action happening right now
D) A future plan
3. Choose the correct sentence:
A) He has seen the movie yesterday
B) He saw the movie yesterday
C) He has seen the movie yet
D) He have seen the movie
4. What is the past participle of 'eat'?
A) eat
B) eated
C) eaten
D) eating
5. Convert to present perfect simple: 'She starts her job in 2019 and still works there.'
6. Write present perfect for: 'I finish my homework 10 minutes ago and it's done now.'
7. Express an experience using present perfect: 'He went to Japan in 2015 and in 2018.'
8. Define: What is present perfect simple?
9. Define: When do you use present perfect?
10. Define: Present perfect vs simple past?

Answer Key

1. B) I have gone — Past participle of 'go' is 'gone.' Present perfect = have + past participle: 'I have gone.'
2. B) An action that connects past to present — Present perfect shows actions that are still relevant or unfinished: 'I have worked here for 5 years' (still working).
3. B) He saw the movie yesterday — With specific past time ('yesterday'), use simple past: 'He saw.' Without time, use present perfect: 'He has seen.'
4. C) eaten — Irregular verb: eat → eaten. Present perfect: 'I have eaten' (not 'I have eaten').
5. Subject = she Auxiliary = has (she/it) Past participle of 'work' = worked Sentence: 'She has worked there since 2019.' Meaning: Started in the past, continues to now
6. Subject = I Auxiliary = have Past participle of 'finish' = finished Sentence: 'I have finished my homework.' Meaning: Completed in past, result visible now
7. Subject = he Auxiliary = has Past participle of 'go' = gone Sentence: 'He has been to Japan twice.' Meaning: Life experience, number of times matters, not when
8. have/has + past participle. Shows past actions with present relevance: 'I have eaten' (just finished, still relevant).
9. For unfinished situations, life experiences, recent actions with present results: 'I've lived here for 5 years' / 'She's seen that film.'
10. Present perfect = action affects now ('I've eaten'); Simple past = completed action in the past ('I ate at 3 PM').

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