

What are Subject Pronouns?

Worksheet

Subject pronouns replace nouns as the doer of a verb: je, tu, il/elle, nous, vous, ils/elles. They are essential because French verb endings change based on which pronoun is used.

Questions

1. Which pronoun goes with the verb form 'parlons'?
A) je
B) tu
C) nous
D) ils
2. Complete: '_____ sommes étudiantes.' (We are students — feminine plural.)
A) Vous
B) Nous
C) Elles
D) Je
3. What is the polite way to address one person in French?
A) tu
B) vous
C) on
D) il
4. Which subject pronoun typically implies 'they are all male' or mixed group?
A) elles
B) ils
C) vous
D) nous
5. Complete with the correct subject pronoun: '_____ suis français.' (I am French.)
6. What subject pronoun goes with 'allez'? (you go — formal or plural)
7. Rewrite using the pronoun 'ils': 'Pierre et Marie jouent au tennis.'
8. Define: What are the six French subject pronouns?
9. Define: When do you use 'tu' vs. 'vous'?
10. Define: Why do subject pronouns matter?

Answer Key

1. C) nous — 'Parlons' is first-person plural (we speak). Pronoun: nous.
2. B) Nous — 'Sommes' is conjugated for nous (we). Answer: Nous sommes étudiantes.
3. B) vous — Use 'vous' to address one person formally; 'tu' is informal for friends/peers.
4. B) ils — 'Ils' = they (all male or mixed group); 'elles' = they (all female).
5. The verb 'suis' is conjugated for first person singular. The subject pronoun is 'je'. Answer: Je suis français.
6. 'Allez' is the vous form of 'aller'. Vous = you formal or you plural. Answer: Vous allez.
7. Pierre et Marie = they (two people) The third-person plural pronoun is 'ils'. Answer: Ils jouent au tennis.
8. je, tu, il/elle/on, nous, vous, ils/elles
9. tu = singular, informal (friend, peer); vous = singular formal OR plural (anyone)
10. Because French verbs conjugate differently for each pronoun — they change the verb ending.

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