

What is Table Completion (IELTS Listening)?

Worksheet

Table completion asks you to listen and complete rows and columns with specific information from the audio (1–3 words per cell). The table structure guides you to listen for organized data: prices, times, names, descriptions.

Questions

1. What is the main advantage of table completion over sentence completion?

- A) Tables are easier
- B) The table structure organizes information visually
- C) Tables have fewer blanks
- D) Tables allow your own words

2. If a table has 'Price' and 'Currency' columns, what might you fill?

- A) Only numbers
- B) Numbers or currency symbols
- C) Full sentences
- D) Nothing—just headers

3. Audio says 'Opening hours are 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.' and the table shows 'Hours: ____'. What do you write?

- A) 8 a.m.
- B) 6 p.m.
- C) 8 a.m.–6 p.m.
- D) Opening hours

4. Can table order differ from audio order?

- A) No, always matching order
- B) Sometimes — you must listen carefully
- C) Always different
- D) Tables have no order

5. Audio describes a class schedule table with course names and times. Audio: 'English is from 9 to 10 a.m. in Room 101.' Fill the table cell: Course: English, Time: ____, Room: ____.

6. A product pricing table: Audio: 'The deluxe model costs 450 and the basic version is 200.' Fill: Basic version: ____, Deluxe: ____.

7. An event details table: Audio: 'The conference is on March 15th in the Main Hall, with 200 attendees expected.' Fill: Date: ____, Location: ____, Expected attendance: ____.

8. Define: What is table completion in IELTS listening?

9. Define: How many words max per cell?

10. Define: What types of data appear in tables?

Answer Key

1. B) The table structure organizes information visually — The table layout helps you organize and find information quickly.
2. B) Numbers or currency symbols — Depending on the context, you might write '50' or '\$50' or '€50'.
3. C) 8 a.m.–6 p.m. — Write the complete time range as spoken (or check if cell limits force abbreviation).
4. B) Sometimes — you must listen carefully — The audio may cover rows out of order; match carefully.
5. Identify the row (English). Listen for the time and room. Speaker: '9 to 10 a.m.' and 'Room 101'. Write: Time = '9-10 a.m.', Room = '101'
6. Listen for price numbers. Speaker: 'basic 200' and 'deluxe450'. Write: Basic = '200', Deluxe = '450'
7. Extract the three data points. Speaker: 'March 15th', 'Main Hall', '200 attendees'. Write: Date = 'March 15th', Location = 'Main Hall', Attendance = '200'
8. A task where you fill blanks in a table with words or numbers from the audio.
9. Usually 1–3 words; check the rubric.
10. Numbers, dates, names, descriptions, times, prices.

Bounlu

All cards, step-by-step solutions and an AI tutor are in the Notek app.
Promy turns exam dates into automatic reminders.