

What is a Polynomial?

Worksheet

A polynomial is an expression of the form $ax^n + \dots + ax + a$, where each term has a variable raised to a whole-number power multiplied by a coefficient, and the highest exponent is called the degree.

$$p(x) = a_n x^n + \dots + a_1 x + a_0$$

Questions

1. What is the degree of $7x^2 + 5$?
A) 7
B) 3
C) 2
D) 5
2. Simplify $(2x + 3) + (4x - 1)$.
A) $6x + 2$
B) $6x - 2$
C) $8x + 2$
D) $2x + 4$
3. Which of these is NOT a polynomial term?
A) $3x$
B) $5x$
C) $2/x$
D) 7
4. What is the leading coefficient of $4x^2 + 2x + 9$?
A) 5
B) 2
C) 9
D) 4
5. Add the polynomials $(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$ and $(x^2 + 5x + 4)$.
6. Multiply $(x + 2)(x - 3)$.
7. Find the degree of $5x^3 + 7x + 1$.
8. Define: What is a polynomial?
9. Define: What is the degree of a polynomial?
10. Define: What is a monomial, binomial, and trinomial?

Answer Key

1. B) 3 - The highest exponent is 3, so the degree is 3.
2. A) $6x + 2$ - Combine like terms: $(2x+4x) + (31) = 6x + 2$.
3. C) $2/x - 2/x = 2x$ has a negative exponent, which is not allowed in polynomials.
4. D) 4 - The leading coefficient is the coefficient of the highest-degree term, $4x$, which is 4.
5. Group like terms: $(3x+x) + (2x5x) + (1+4)$ Combine: $4x$ $3x + 3$ Result: $4x$ $3x + 3$
6. Apply FOIL: $xx + x(3) + 2x + 2(3)$ Simplify: x $3x + 2x$ 6 Combine: x x 6
7. Identify the exponents: 4, 2, 1, 0 The degree is the highest exponent Degree = 4
8. An algebraic expression with variables raised to whole-number powers, combined with coefficients using +, , and .
9. The highest exponent of the variable in the expression.
10. A monomial has 1 term, a binomial has 2 terms, and a trinomial has 3 terms.

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